



山西大学附中

2016~2017 学年第二学期初三(4月)月考

英语试题  
第I卷 (共70分)

I. 情景反应 (每小题1分, 共5分)

本题共5个小题, 每小题你将听到一组对话, 请你从每小题所给的A、B、C三幅图片中, 选出与你所听到的信息相关联的一项, 并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

( ) 1.

A

B

C



( ) 12.

A

B

C



( ) 3.

A

B

C



( ) 14.

A

B

C



( ) 15.

A

B

C



II. 对话理解 (每小题1分, 共5分)

本题共5个小题, 每小题你将听到一组对话和一个问题, 请你从每小题所给的A、B、C三个选项中, 选出一个最佳选项, 并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

( ) 6. A. Sports News

B. Man and Nature

C. Focus Today

( ) 7. A. buy tickets for his friend

B. see a movie with his friend

C. invite his friend to a party

( ) 8. A. 18

B. 12

C. 6

( ) 9. A. the museum

B. the city center

C. the bus stop

( ) 10. A: At 6:30

B: At 7

C: At 7:30

III. 语篇理解 (每小题1分, 共5分)

本题你将听到一篇短文, 请根据短文内容和所提出的5个问题, 从每小题所给的A、B、C三个选项中, 选出一个最佳选项, 并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

( ) 11. Where did Mary have an experience of being a volunteer?

A. America

B. England

C. France

( ) 12. How was Mary's feeling when seeing so many homeless people on the streets?

A. sad

B. shocked

C. embarrassed

( ) 13. What was Mary's job in the charity?

A. to raise money for homeless people

B. to make homeless people happy

C. to serve breakfast to homeless people

( ) 14. Why did Mary try to remember the name of every homeless person she met?

A. It could show her respect for them.

B. It could show her kindness to them.

C. It could show her thank to them.

( ) 15. What did Mary often do when she was free?

A. she talked to the homeless people

B. She donated things to homeless people

C. She helped homeless people find places to live.

IV. 单项选择 (每小题1分; 共10分)

请你从每小题所给的A、B、C三个选项中, 选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项, 并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

16. WeChat, a smart phone app developed by Tencent, is widely used across China. People use \_\_\_\_\_ every day to communicate.

A. him

B. it

C. them

17. The awful air pollution last year in different provinces has caused great \_\_\_\_\_.

A. worry

B. wastes

C. surveys



18. Friendship can last long only when two people \_\_\_\_\_ and help each other in need.  
A. use B. trust C. trouble
19. Teenagers can be \_\_\_\_\_ lost in online games because they can achieve great success by making just a little effort or spending money on it.  
A. hardly B. easily C. suddenly
20. --Tom, have you finished your homework?  
--No, mum. I will give less homework to my students \_\_\_\_\_. I become a teacher.  
A. because B. if C. unless
21. --Linda, your head feels hot. You \_\_\_\_\_ have a fever now. You'd better go home, take medicine and have a rest.  
--Thank you, Mr. Zhang. I will learn today's lesson by myself.  
A. must B. may C. can't
22. --How about going to the shopping mall tonight? The clothes are \_\_\_\_\_.  
--Great idea. Let's meet at seven at the bus station.  
A. on time B. on holiday C. on sale
23. --When our kid is talking about joining a piano lesson, he seemed to \_\_\_\_\_.  
--Maybe we should let him try.  
A. be serious about B. be thankful to C. be patient with
24. Besides studying different subjects at school, students are expected to \_\_\_\_\_ volunteer work in which they can improve their social abilities.  
A. take pride in B. pay attention to C. take part in
25. --Mr. He, some of my students don't know \_\_\_\_\_, so they are just pushed to.  
--It's a common thing. We should help them set a clear goal first.  
A. how they can study well B. why they study C. when they study best
- V. 补全对话 (每小题 1 分; 共 5 分)  
根据对话内容, 从方框内所给的选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项, 并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。选项中有两项为多余项。
- A: Hello, Jim! How is it going?  
B: Hello, Tina! \_\_\_\_\_ 26 \_\_\_\_\_ And you?  
A: Very well. What's your plan for the summer vacation?  
B: I had a Chinese course last year, and I'd like to go on with it this summer.  
A: How was the course? \_\_\_\_\_ 27 \_\_\_\_\_  
B: Yes. It seemed that way at first. But after a while it became easier.  
A: You were the best in the class, right?  
B: I did get an A. Well, could you tell me your summer plan? \_\_\_\_\_ 28 \_\_\_\_\_  
A: No, not this summer. \_\_\_\_\_ 29 \_\_\_\_\_  
B: That must be very interesting. Can I go with you?  
A: \_\_\_\_\_ 30 \_\_\_\_\_ Oh, there comes the bus! Good-bye!  
B: Bye-bye!

- A. I plan to go to Thailand next summer.  
B. Will you travel somewhere interesting?  
C. Where do you come from?  
D. Is it difficult?  
E. I'm OK.  
F. Traveling is very expensive.  
G. No problem.

VI. 完形填空 (每小题 1 分; 共 10 分)

阅读下面短文, 掌握其大意, 然后从每小题所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中, 选出一个最佳选项, 并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

Feeding hundreds of people doesn't make Jack nervous. In fact, the boy has grown quite fast in the \_\_\_\_\_ 31 \_\_\_\_\_ which is his perfect place when cutting tomatoes, making salads and baking cakes.

By the time Jack, 16, reached his third year of high school at North Carolina, US, he had become the president of the school's cooking club. He also \_\_\_\_\_ 32 \_\_\_\_\_ his own food company called Modern Fashion.

Jack said he \_\_\_\_\_ 33 \_\_\_\_\_ his love of cooking by watching his mother, who owned a food business. Jack helped her in order to remember the tips: how long to cook chicken so it stays wet, and the right \_\_\_\_\_ 34 \_\_\_\_\_ of tomatoes to add to a spaghetti dish.

At the age of five, he cooked his first dish and took it with him for the school lunch, \_\_\_\_\_ 35 \_\_\_\_\_ the other kids ate their mother-made sandwiches. "I love to eat and it is more fun to \_\_\_\_\_ 36 \_\_\_\_\_ than just to warm up my mother's food.

Cooking came easy to Jack, and he enjoyed adding new ingredients into \_\_\_\_\_ 37 \_\_\_\_\_ dishes. "I was interested in cooking and I wanted to know more," he said. He began to watch the Food Network and read cooking blogs.

Now Jack is busy spending his weekends cooking for people on \_\_\_\_\_ 38 \_\_\_\_\_ days: weddings, birthday parties. Jack's dishes are always a hit.

Frederick, owner of a cooking business, said what has brought Jack great success is his ability \_\_\_\_\_ 39 \_\_\_\_\_ work in his mother's kitchen. Frederick said he has asked Jack to cook with him three times now, and he says Jack is a clever cook who shows great talent in cooking.

"He enjoys cooking so much that he doesn't let \_\_\_\_\_ 40 \_\_\_\_\_ stop him," Frederick said. "I knew in the first five minutes of working with the kid that he is something special."

31. A. kitchen B. bedroom C. factory  
32. A. got up B. grew up C. set up



33. A. introduced B. developed C. saw  
34. A. shape B. number C. time  
35. A. until B. but C. so  
36. A. cook B. buy C. eat  
37. A. tasty B. fascinating C. common  
38. A. normal B. special C. natural  
39. A. with B. on C. to  
40. A. anything B. nothing C. everything
- VII. 阅读理解(一)(每小题2分;共30分)  
阅读下列短文,从每小题所给的A、B、C三个选项中,选出一个最佳选项,并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

A

**Today's Topic**  
Your Proud Moment

This question is from 11-year-old Tara: "What was your proudest moment? What made it so special?"

**These students shared their thoughts:**

My proudest moment was when I found out that I became school soccer team captain. It was really special to share the news with my close friends and my family.

—Tom, aged 11, Illinois

In the second grade, I won our school English speech contest. It made me feel really proud. I helped a cat out of a water well, and brought it to the animal's home. My proudest moment was when the cat was adopted(收留). It made me feel so good.

—George, aged 12, Florida

My proudest moment was the first time I jumped off a diving board. Although I was really scared, I jumped down bravely. It was really fun and I felt so proud of myself.

—Maggie, aged 11, Texas

—Alison, aged 13, NYC

41. Who was the question from?  
A. Tara. B. Tom. C. Maggie.
42. What did Tom do when he felt proud?  
A. He jumped off a diving board.  
B. He became the soccer team captain.  
C. He helped a cat out.
43. When did George win the school English speech contest?  
A. In his first grade.  
B. In his second grade.  
C. In his third grade.

44. Which of the following is **TRUE** according to the passage?  
A. Tom is a fan of soccer and is good at it.  
B. Alison isn't a good swimmer.  
C. George does well in English writing.
45. What kind of child do you think is Maggie?  
A. Lazy. B. Kind. C. Silly.

B

Paul began to introduce the guest speaker to the listeners, but then stopped for a while. He had forgotten her name.

Jenny hid her valuable things when she went on vacation. When she came back, she couldn't remember where she'd put them.

Perhaps you've had such experiences like these. Most people have. But most of them haven't realized that they have a memory problem. Neither do they know a simple but important fact: Memory can be improved. If you'll just accept that, the following will show you how.

First, relax. If you are over worried about remembering something, you'll forget it. If you keep telling yourself that your memory is bad, your mind will come to believe it and you won't remember things. When you forget something, don't follow up with sayings like "Oh, my God! I always forget things!" Such words will have a bad result on you and your memory.

But relaxing isn't enough. To improve your memory, you'll need to take an active role. Like your body, your memory can be made strong through exercise. Look for opportunities to exercise your memory. For example, if you're learning a language, try to actively remember a lot of new words.

If you don't take notice of things actively, you won't remember them. So, you can make pictures of what you see in your mind every day. For example, don't just put your keys down! If you want to find them again, make a mind picture of the place where you're putting them.

46. The writer wants to tell us \_\_\_\_\_ according to the first two paragraphs.  
A. Paul often forgot his friends' names  
B. Jenny was a very rich person  
C. examples of memory problems

47. When you forget things, you \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. must be too careless  
B. shouldn't take notice of the result  
C. should have confidence in improving your memory

48. The word "opportunities" in the fifth paragraph means "\_\_\_\_\_".  
A. positions. B. chances C. activities