



## 太原十五中 2017-2018 学年高三第二次月考

科目: 英语

时间: 90 分钟

分值: 100 分

出题人: 李瑞枝 校对人: 刘俊爱

### 第一部分: 阅读理解 (共两节, 满分 30 分)

#### 第一节: (共 10 小题; 每小题 2 分, 满分 20 分)

阅读下列短文, 从每题所给的四个选项 (A, B, C, D) 中, 选出最佳选项, 并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

A

#### The Tropical Paradise Holiday

Welcome to St Anna, our tropical paradise just off the coast of Latin America. You can spend two weeks in our luxury four-star hotel. The cost of your flight is included in the holiday, and you can be picked up from your home by our special airport bus. On your arriving, our coach will be waiting to take you to the hotel. All flights leave from Heathrow on a Monday morning.

The Cowrie Hotel is built right on the beachfront, and many rooms have wonderful ocean views. If swimming and surfing are not enough for you, the hotel also offers horse rides on the island, and a discount membership of the golf club.

#### The Rain Forest Adventure Holiday

Every year Broughton holidays offer twelve days of unforgettable adventure in a tropical rain forest. You may have a choice of Borneo, Malaysia, Indonesia, or even to the greatest rain forest of them all, the mighty Amazonian forest.

You will fly to our special base camps at the edge of the forest, where you will be given five days of survival training, and talks on the local wildlife.

Then you take a bus into the forest. You will have to walk the final five miles to the camp sites to avoid disturbing the local ecology. All of the camp sites have been carefully built to cause the minimal amount of disturbance to the local wildlife.

Remember that these adventure holidays take you deep into the wilderness, and they are not suitable for families with young children. Also remember that no more than two dozen guests can stay at any camp at one time, so if you want to go on one of these very special holidays, you will need to book early!

#### 1. What can we learn about the rain forest holiday?

- A. Travelers will learn to talk with wild animals.
- B. Different means of transportation will be used.
- C. The holiday will end with a survival training.
- D. Booking early, travelers will get a discount.

#### 2. What kind of people will probably choose the rain forest holiday

- A. People loving water sports.
- B. People traveling with children.
- C. People preferring comfortable hotels.
- D. People concerned with environment and wildlife.

#### 3. Which of the following is mentioned in both holidays?



A. Transportation.

B. Price.

C. Reservation.

D. Departure time.

B

"Everybody is a genius. But if you judge a fish by its ability to climb a tree, it will live its whole life believing that it is stupid." — Albert Einstein

If you have a kid with special needs in the school system, chances are you have come across that saying hanging on a classroom wall. My five-year-old daughter Syona has cerebral palsy (a medical condition affecting someone's control over their movement) and it means, combined with her communication challenges and sight problems, that standard assessments (and by "standard", I mean the ones used to assess kids with special needs) aren't always an accurate measure of her abilities.

By now you have probably heard about Chris Ulmer, the 26-year-old teacher in Jacksonville, Florida, who starts his special education class by calling up each student individually to give them much admiration and a high-five (a gesture of greeting or congratulation). I couldn't help but be reminded of Syona's teacher and how she supports each kid in a very similar way. Ulmer recently shared a video of his teaching experience. "I have seen their confidence and self-worth increase rapidly," he said. All I could think was: How lucky these students are to have such inspirational teachers.

Syona's teacher has an attitude that can best be summarized in one word: awesome. Her teacher doesn't focus on what can't be done—she focuses on what can be done. Over the past several months, my husband Dilip and I have seen Syona's confidence increase tenfold. She uses words she wouldn't have thought of using before. She recently told me about her classmate's trip to Ecuador and was very proud when I understood her on the first try.

I actually wonder what the influence would be if we did something similar to what Ulmer does with his students in our home. We've recently started our day by reminding each other of the good qualities we all possess. If we are reminded of our strengths on a regular basis, we will become increasingly confident about progress and success.

Ulmer's reach as a teacher goes far beyond the walls of his classroom. In fact, he teaches all of us to take a moment and truly appreciate the strengths of an important person in our lives.

#### 4. What does the author think of Einstein's quote?

- A. Funny B. Strange C. True D. Confusing

#### 5. What can we learn about Chris Ulmer?

- A. He is Syona's favorite teacher B. He praises his students one by one
- C. He uses videos to teach his students D. He asks his students to help each other

#### 6. Syona felt very pleased because \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. she has developed a cool attitude B. her mother knew what she expressed
- C. her progress was appreciated by her parents D. she had been to Ecuador with her classmate

#### 7. What change has taken place in the author's family?

- A. They give each other praise everyday
- B. They visit Ulmer's classroom regularly
- C. They feel grateful to people in their lives
- D. They invite Ulmer's students to their home

C

French sailor Jacques Cartier was born on December 31, 1491, in Saint-Malo, France. He was





sent by King Francis I to the New World in search of riches and a new route (known as the "Northwest Passage") to Asia in 1534. Ships from Europe were sailing around Africa to get to India and China. It was believed that the Northwest Passage would provide a shorter route. If one found the Northwest Passage, a ship could arrive in China and India directly from the Pacific Ocean instead of the Indian Ocean.

On May 10, 1534, Cartier first left to sail on two ships with 61 members. Cartier returned to France in September 1534, but his brother Jean died during the trip because of severe weather conditions. Cartier finished his third voyage in 1542, whose primary purpose was to look for the Kingdom of Saguenay. Cartier didn't find the Northwest Passage, but he did explore the Saint Lawrence River and other areas in Canada. On one expedition, Cartier built a fort (堡垒) for the winter.

Toward the end of the winter, Cartier's men became ill. Their arms and legs became larger and rounder than normal. Their health became loose and fell out. Many of them died. The ones who did not die were too weak to even stand up. The men didn't know that they had scurvy (坏血病), which is a disease caused by a lack of vitamin C. Only Cartier and other three of his men were healthy.

Cartier was worried that the nearby Native Americans would attack his fort if they knew the true condition of his men. For that reason, whenever a Native American came close to the fort, Cartier and his men shouted and sang. They made noise by strongly knocking at sticks. They made it sound as if many busy, happy, and healthy people were inside the fort.

One day when Cartier saw a Native American he knew, Cartier went outside to talk with him. He said that just one of his men was sick and asked how the Native Americans recovered from the disease. The Native American pointed to an evergreen tree. He told Cartier how to make pills with its leaves. Cartier immediately made the pills and his men quickly recovered.

8. Cartier wanted to find the Northwest Passage in order to \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. shorten the routes from Europe to Africa and Asia
- B. sail around the Pacific Ocean and Indian Ocean
- C. find a rich and safe route for King Francis I and sailors
- D. make it possible to reach China and India with less time

9. Cartier turned to a Native American he knew for help because he \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. wanted to know an evergreen tree
- B. wondered how to make pills with leaves
- C. was eager to find treatment for his men suffering scurvy
- D. liked to chat with Native Americans about severe disease

10. It can be inferred from the passage that \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. Cartier had each voyage with the same aim
- B. Native Americans might know how to cure scurvy
- C. all of Cartier's men finally fought back against Americans
- D. Cartier and his men eventually found the Northwest Passage

#### 第二节 (共 5 小题; 每小题 2 分, 满分 10 分)

根据短文内容, 从短文后的选项选出能填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

#### Things You Should Stop Doing to Be Successful

Are you a happy person? How often do you think about reasons why everyone around you is



successful though they are not better than you in general? What do you do wrong? Here are some things you should stop doing to be successful.

11 \_\_\_\_\_

Different people may interpret "success" in different ways: some of them measure it in money, other ones — in positive changes to people around them and the world in general. 12 And do not worry about what other people think, and go after what makes you happy.

**Do not believe anything without questioning it.**

13 They are critical thinkers, and they understand that we are all ruled by our prejudices, so they will always question new information.

**Do not worry about unpredictable things that may happen to you.**

If you want to be successful, stop thinking about everything that MAY happen to you. 14 Be ready to change your deeds and decisions when things suddenly don't go according to your plan.

**Do not care about what other people think of you.**

15 Your attempts to become "good" for everyone will turn into nothing but new worries, stresses, and problems. Successful people do not concentrate on the quantity of people to please, but worry about their quality and focus on developing friendships with people they really care about.

- A. Do not wait for the "right time" to do anything.
- B. Try to feel comfortable with the reality and accept the fact that your future can't be predicted.
- C. Do not let others decide what "success" is for you.
- D. As far as we all know, it's impossible to please all the people that surround us.
- E. Successful people do not just accept any new information to be true.
- F. If want to be successful, do not let others force their interpretation of success on you.
- G. Successful people never ignore or avoid problems, no matter how big and awful they seem.

#### 第二部分 英语知识运用 (共两节, 满分 45 分)

##### 第一节 完形填空 (共 20 小题; 每小题 1.5 分, 满分 30 分)

阅读下面短文, 从短文后各题所给的四个选项 (A、B、C 和 D) 中, 选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项, 并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

As a female, I hadn't expected to work in the electrical industry when I planned my career. I didn't want to be the 16 in almost every room, every meeting and every event. I certainly believed that my mother would 17 me to her friends as being "very important" because of my work. And I 18 thought that statement would inspire me to drive change in the electrical industry.

At first, everything didn't go as 19 as I thought. I started off selling gas detection equipment and also climbed into manholes (检修孔). It was a 20 job because of the chicken farms and meat processing factories. But I really 21 it. I have a degree in European History, so entering the electrical industry was the 22 thing I was expecting. Last year I was 23 by Ohio Edison and I never regretted working here.

I have a real 24 for electrical field. What we do 25 to every household and every person. I also want to do everything I can to 26 other women to join in the electrical industry. I am passionate about making the industry more attractive to 27. I always say that the industry won't do 28, females' ideas and thoughts. And we could 29 diverse



ideas and thoughts from humans.

This year, the National Association of Electrical Distributors gave me a(n) 30, which honored my commitment to 31 women in electrical industry. I was so humbled although I made a difference, and I was even more 32 that talented females were taking notice of our industry partly due to my 33. Over the past decade, I have seen women take on more significant role in the 34. We are slowly but surely taking our 35 in the boardrooms too. We are making changes all the time.

- |                        |                     |                 |                      |
|------------------------|---------------------|-----------------|----------------------|
| 16. A. leader          | B. minority         | C. superior     | D. authority         |
| 17. A. introduce       | B. take             | C. show         | D. bring             |
| 18. A. hardly          | B. almost           | C. never        | D. ever              |
| 19. A. magically       | B. smoothly         | C. meaningfully | D. differently       |
| 20. A. comfortable     | B. popular          | C. helpful      | D. dirty             |
| 21. A. feared          | B. enjoyed          | C. expected     | D. hated             |
| 22. A. proper          | B. interesting      | C. last         | D. amazing           |
| 23. A. refused         | B. invited          | C. employed     | D. cheated           |
| 24. A. passion         | B. confusion        | C. frustrator   | D. depression        |
| 25. A. matters         | B. attracts         | C. inspires     | D. explores          |
| 26. A. persuade        | B. motivate         | C. permit       | D. allow             |
| 27. A. engineers       | B. workers          | C. women        | D. technicians       |
| 28. A. without         | B. beyond           | C. for          | D. through           |
| 29. A. look forward to | B. pay attention to | C. put up with  | D. take advantage of |
| 30. A. suggestion      | B. application      | C. reward       | D. award             |
| 31. A. accompany       | B. choose           | C. advocate     | D. hire              |
| 32. A. confused        | B. impressed        | C. depressed    | D. honored           |
| 33. A. direction       | B. involvement      | C. ideas        | D. expectation       |
| 34. A. industry        | B. education        | C. agriculture  | D. science           |
| 35. A. talent          | B. time             | C. interest     | D. seat              |

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I smiled a big smile and it 37 (work) a little, really.

Everyone gets 38 (frustrate) sometimes. I used to be always influenced by pressure and I was often in low spirits. But one day I came 39 a sentence in the Bible, "Do not be anxious



about tomorrow, for tomorrow will be anxious for itself, let the day's own trouble be sufficient for the day." It suddenly struck me, " 40 (worry) about a problem doesn't help. Why not just 41 (give) a big smile and face up to the trouble?"

Now every time I want to cry, I reminded myself that 42 (laugh) is better than tears and anger. I 43 (convince) that there's something magical about a smile. A smile helps me recover confidence and gives me the courage to move on.

Remember, whenever you're faced with a setback, whenever you've been treated 44 (fair), all it takes is determination and you can feel happy again. Smile at life, 45 it will shine on you.

### 第三部分 写作(共两节; 满分 25 分)

#### 第一节 短文改错(共 10 小题; 每小题 1 分, 满分 10 分)

假定英语课上老师要求同桌之间交换修改作文, 请你修改你同桌写的以下作文。文中共有 10 处语言错误, 每句中最多有两处。每处错误涉及一个单词的增加、删除或修改。

增加: 在缺词处加一个漏字符号(Λ), 并在其下写出该加的词。

删除: 把多余的词用斜线(\)划掉。

修改: 在错的词下划一横线, 并在该词下面写出修改后的词。

注意: 1. 每处错误及其修改均仅限一词; 2. 只允许修改 10 处, 多者(从第 11 处起)不计分。

At the age of 17, I traveled with a group of teenager to Russia. During our stay there, we made a lot of Russian friends living in the small village. They were not so rich, they were very happy.

They often invite us to attend various tradition activities. To our joy, those interesting activities let us to know more about Russian culture. In addition, they showed an interest for China, and liked

to ask many kinds of questions about Chinese culture. Every time we all patient answered their

questions. A boy named Anastasia once told me that he dreamed of visit China someday, and he

promised that when he traveled to China, I was willing to be his guide for free.

#### 第二节 书面表达(满分 15 分)

Dear fellow students,

It's my great honor to be invited here to give a speech. \_\_\_\_\_

That's all. Thank you!