





III. 完型填空 (每小题 1 分, 共 10 分)

阅读下面短文, 掌握其大意, 然后从每小题所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中, 选出一个最佳选项, 并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

Going to high school can be exciting. But sometimes it is also a bit of boring for some kids, especially \_\_\_ 21. \_\_\_ you have spent all your school life in the same school.

You know the school very well, you've been learning all the \_\_\_ 22. \_\_\_ with the same group of kids, and you know almost all the teachers in the school and they all know you. Of course in your \_\_\_ 23. \_\_\_ year you have also been one of the "big kids" and have had more responsibilities, taking on leadership roles for the younger students, and you aren't allowed to cheat them. You are supposed to lead them and protect them.

But soon you will go to high school where you will be "\_\_\_ 24. \_\_\_ kids" again. You will need to \_\_\_ 25. \_\_\_ new friends. You will work with new teachers who don't know you, find your way \_\_\_ 26. \_\_\_ a new place and fit into the new situation. Whatever you think, you should remember that everyone else who is starting high school for the first time will be \_\_\_ 27. \_\_\_ just like you. Even those people who seem super cool are nervous too. They may be better at hiding \_\_\_ 28. \_\_\_ fears than you or maybe they are regarding high school as a wonderful new \_\_\_ 29. \_\_\_ with lots of chances for learning new things and making new friends, which of course it is.

Make the most of your opportunities and always \_\_\_ 30. \_\_\_ your best. If you choose not to try, then whose time are you wasting? Yours!

- |                     |               |               |
|---------------------|---------------|---------------|
| ( ) 21. A. where    | B. when       | C. if         |
| ( ) 22. A. subjects | B. classrooms | C. grades     |
| ( ) 23. A. first    | B. second     | C. last       |
| ( ) 24. A. lazy     | B. shy        | C. little     |
| ( ) 25. A. make     | B. introduce  | C. express    |
| ( ) 26. A. around   | B. across     | C. between    |
| ( ) 27. A. guessing | B. happening  | C. feeling    |
| ( ) 28. A. their    | B. they       | C. themselves |
| ( ) 29. A. stress   | B. challenge  | C. sense      |
| ( ) 30. A. try      | B. hope       | C. recall     |



√. 阅读理解 (一) (每小题 2 分, 共 20 分)

阅读下列短文, 从每小题所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中, 选出一个最佳选项, 并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

A

How do people spend their free time? People enjoy all kinds of indoor and outdoor activities in Britain.

**Television**

The most common leisure activity in the UK is watching television. The average viewing time is 25 hours one person every week. Almost all households have at least one television set. Many television programs are about wildlife, animals, holidays, cooking and gardening.

**Radio**

People in Britain listen to an average of 15 hours and 50 minutes of radio every week. The only radio is to listen to the "Top40". I like to find out who is the number one in the pop charts each week. "My parents listen to the radio in the mornings to when we are having our evening meals."

**Entertaining**

The second most popular activity in Britain is visiting or entertaining friends or relatives. "Mum and Dad go out and visit friends at least once a week. Sometimes My brother and I go, too. Every Tuesday after school, James and I go to see our Grandparents."

**Eating out**

Eating out has grown in popularity, with British people spending an average of £5.63 per person per week on food outside the home. "We go to McDonald's at least once a week. Sometimes we have a pizza delivery to us. Occasionally we will go to a restaurant."

31. What is the most common leisure activity in the UK?  
A. Eating out.      B. Watching television.      C. Going to the cinema.
32. What's people's average time of listening to the radio every week in Britain?  
A. 15 hours and 50 minutes.      B. More than 60 hours.      C. 2.5 hours.
33. Visiting or entertaining friends or relatives in Britain is \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. an activity to show kindness.      B. the second most popular activity  
C. the most popular activity
34. The underlined word "delivery" means "\_\_\_\_\_" in Chinese.  
A. 烤熟      B. 送到      C. 吃完
35. Where is the passage probably taken from?  
A. A story book.      B. A science report.      C. A culture magazine.



B

What's your dream job? Have you ever thought of it. Maybe, you think it is really far. But in my mind, if you think about it, you will study better for your dreams. It's really perfect if you have the both worlds: do the job that you love while making so much money. But for most of us, a choice must be made between the two.

If you choose interest over money, you would do something you like and be happy with it. You believe there are always chances for money later in life and it is the most important to enjoy the job.

To be more realistic, you would pick one that pays better money. You have to support the home and you can't eat instant noodles a whole year. If you have a job that pays well, at least many of your financial problems would be solved. You wouldn't worry about you don't have money to buy something that you need.

If you are a newcomer, it is probably better to go for the job you think you will enjoy more first while you are young, since once you get stuck into something, you may feel it is too late to change. If you can get more experience in the field first, the money will come later on.

It is always easy to say choosing your interest over money if you do not have to worry about not having enough money to support yourself and your family. However, better money may be too stressful. Will you wake up being excited about going to work or getting a fat paycheck but hate your job every morning?

- ( ) 36. According to Paragraph 2, you choose the job that you are interested in for \_\_\_\_\_.
- A. it will bring you much money      B. you can make a living  
C. it will stay with you all the life
- ( ) 37. Those who prefer the job that pays well are thought to be \_\_\_\_\_.
- A. realistic      B. selfish      C. short-sighted
- ( ) 38. If you are a new-comer in your job, you are advised to \_\_\_\_\_.
- A. consider money first      B. choose what you enjoy  
C. get help from your parents
- ( ) 39. By saying "Will you wake up being excited about going to work or getting a fat paycheck but hate your job every morning?" the author means that \_\_\_\_\_.
- A. people usually get excited in the morning  
B. some hate to do their jobs in the early morning  
C. interest is what you first consider while choosing a job
- ( ) 40. What can we learn from the passage?
- A. We should not eat instant noodles.  
B. When we are young, we don't have to raise our family.  
C. Life is too short, so we'd better choose what makes us happy.



## 第II卷 (共50分)

### V. 听力填空 (每小题1分, 共5分)

这一大题你将听到一篇短文。请你根据所听内容, 完成下面的表格, 并将听到的信息填到题后横线上。每空一词。

#### Rules for Chemistry Class

Place of the class:	The chemistry 41.
Time of the class:	On Wednesday of 42.
Can't be late for the class:	Be here by 43. o'clock pm.
Students aren't allowed to:	Eat, drink or 44.
While doing experiments:	Watch the teacher 45.
Purpose of the rules:	For the safety of the students.

### VI. 补全对话 (每小题1分, 共5分)

根据对话内容, 从方框内所给的选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项, 并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。选项中有两项为多余项。

A: Mum, there is a show of teenagers' inventions in the art museum tomorrow.

B: Really? Let's go there to have a look, and 46.

A: I agree with you! 47.

B: Wow, great baby! I'm so glad that you have such a wonderful thought.

A: Thanks a lot. By the way, 48.

B: 49. It should be kept clean by each tourist.

A: OK. 50.

B: He can't have free time. He must be busy with his work.

A: My uncle is always working hard. I should learn from him.

B: You are a good boy. You'll be the person who can realize his dream.

- A No, snacks aren't allowed to take into the display halls.

B I believe teenagers should be allowed to have their own ideas to create new things that are needed in life.

C Do you think my uncle will go there with us?

D I think you can be encouraged by other young people's new ideas.

E He is at home.

F can we buy some snacks to take with us?

G That's a good idea.

### VII. 阅读理解 (每小题2分, 共20分)

根据短文内容, 从方框内所给的选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项,



并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

Are you a confident student or not? Confidence is very important in daily life. A study shows that the people who are more confident are much happier and smarter. They can have more chances to make themselves successful. But how can you be more confident? Here are some suggestions:

51. \_\_\_\_\_ If you are not confident enough, your voice is always low. And you speak in a voice so low that other people can hardly hear you. You should try to speak aloud enough so that people can hear you clearly. So, loud voice can help you become more confident.

Play sports. 52. \_\_\_\_\_ When you are athletic, you will be full of confidence. If you are good at sports, you'll be more energetic.

Encourage yourself. Write down a list of things you did during the day and see how many things you have done well. Did you finish your homework? Did you tell a joke that made everybody laugh? 53. \_\_\_\_\_

Get rid of fear. Fear comes along with failure, but it's easy to get over if you know that failure is a part of your life. Don't hide your head just because you said something foolish last time. 54. \_\_\_\_\_ Try to start again and believe you can do better.

Pick up a hobby. 55. \_\_\_\_\_ In some ways, a hobby can make you outstanding. And it will make you happy and confident.

- A. If you like singing, sing as much as you can.  
B. Speak loudly.  
C. Give yourself praise for the good things you've done.  
D. Don't complain about yourself anymore.  
E. Physical exercise makes you tired but completely relaxed.

B. 阅读下面短文，简要回答所给问题，并将答案写在答题卡相应的位置上。

For many smart phone users, especially young people, scanning QR Codes (二维码) has become a new and convenient lifestyle these days. In fact, the QR Code was created in Japan in 1994, but until 11 years later, it was first used in China. It soon became popular around the country. The QR Code is much loved because it provides a way to get to website more quickly. By scanning QR Codes, people can do lots of things, such as adding new friends, getting information, downloading Apps, shopping and so on. As for the shopping websites, there are usually more sales, including coupons (优惠券) for the phone users. The QR code is so common that people can scan them everywhere. We interviewed 100 people, and here are the results.



What do people scan QR Codes for?

Where have people scanned QR Codes?



- 53% shopping
- 25% getting information
- 13% downloading Apps
- 9% adding friends
- 44% on products
- 25% in magazines
- 18% on coupons
- 13% on outdoor advertisements

56. When was the QR Code first used in China?
57. Is the QR code loved by all people?
58. According to the pie chart, what do people scan QR Codes mainly for?
59. Where have 13% of the people scanned the QR Codes in the survey?
60. Have you ever scanned a QR Code? What do you think of it?

VIII. 词汇运用 (每小题1分, 共10分)

根据语篇内容, 用方框中所给词的正确形式填空, 使短文通顺、连贯, 并将答案写在答题卡相应的位置上。方框中有两个词为多余项。

life	<del>spend</del>	<del>spend</del>	cheap	<del>wherever</del>	<del>economical</del>
<del>may</del>	<del>there</del>	<del>no</del>	spend	beauty	realize

All around the world, we can see the "throwaway" lifestyle. When people  
 61. \_\_\_\_\_ something for only a short time, they may throw it away. Before they throw it,  
 have they ever thought should it 62. \_\_\_\_\_ away? No, they haven't. And many people  
 may throw something without thinking. As a result, 63. \_\_\_\_\_ we go, we can see  
 mountains of rubbish. It was a big problem in the past few years.



But why do we have such a "throwaway" society? First of all, because of the technology, companies now are able to produce things 64. \_\_\_\_\_. It is easier to change an object than to repair it. Another reason is our love of disposable(一次性的) products. As busy people, we are always looking for ways that can make our 65. \_\_\_\_\_ simple. For example, we use paper plates, plastic cups and so on. Besides, advertisements try to make us believe that the 66. \_\_\_\_\_, the better. This makes us thirsty for the 67 \_\_\_\_\_ products of all. So we always throw away old things which are still useful and buy new ones. Luckily, the government has realized the importance of protecting the environment. We 68. \_\_\_\_\_ to save materials. Instead of throwing away the old things, we can repair them. So we are supposed to change our ideas about repairing and 69 \_\_\_\_\_ habits. This may be the best way to reduce the rubbish and take care of our environment. Then we'll have a 70 \_\_\_\_\_ world. From now on, before you throw the things that you don't need anymore, please think more.

- IX. 书面表达(共10分) 请将短文写在答题卡相应的位置上。  
昔孟母，择邻处。子不学，断机杼。父母呼，应勿缓。父母命，行勿懒。  
冬则温，夏则清。晨则醒，昏则定。

读起以上《三字经》、《弟子规》中的经典句子，大家想必都朗朗上口，回味无穷。这是古人对父母教子的经验总结，及作为子女应如何尊重父母的行为准则。即将毕业的你，回想你的成长之路，肯定和父母由于你的教育问题也发生了很多不愉快或难忘的事情吧？你和父母相处的怎么样？你如何看待他们对你的要求？请分享一个发生在你和父母之间难忘的却又让你对父母有了新看法的事情。你准备以后怎么做来尊重父母？请围绕提示要点写一篇80词左右的短文。

根据以下提示

提示要点：

- What do you think of the rules your parents make for you?
- Tell us an unforgettable story between you and your parents.
- What will you do to get on well with your parents?